

Mortality Trends of Glioma in Disaggregated Asian-American (AA) subgroups (SEER 2005-2020)

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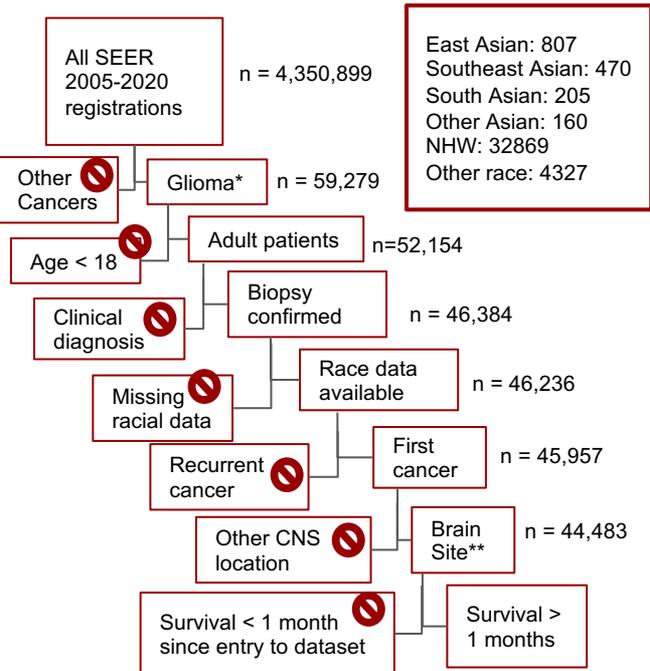
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Introduction

- Gliomas are the most common primary tumor in the brain
- Grade IV glioma (Glioblastoma) has a devastating 5-year survival rate around 5%
- There is a lack of glioma prevalence and mortality data among AA subgroups
- We conducted a retrospective cohort study to investigate the trends of brain cancer mortality in disaggregated AA subgroups

Methods

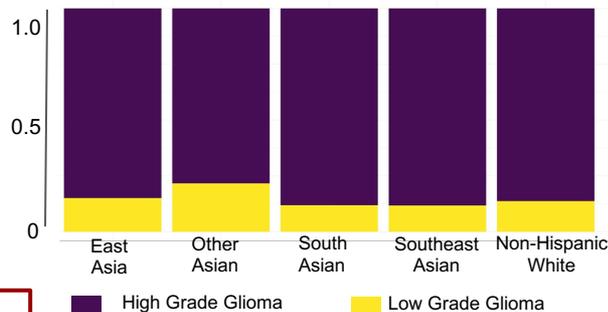


East Asian: 807
 Southeast Asian: 470
 South Asian: 205
 Other Asian: 160
 NHW: 32869
 Other race: 4327

*ICD 10 codes 9380-9489

**Brain Site ICD site hist WHO 2008 Standard

Results

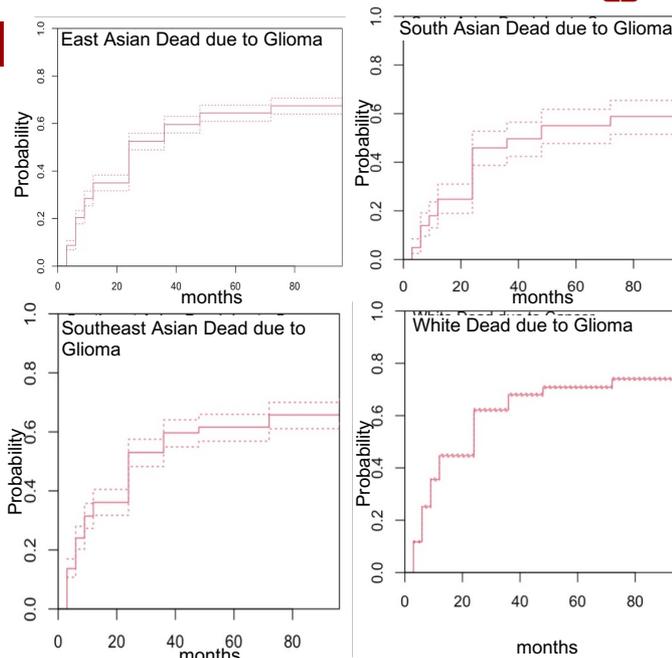


Distribution of Glioma Grade in Asian subgroups shown in the figure above

- The distribution of high grade glioma varies significantly amongst different asian subgroups.
- Other Asian had a significantly lower portion of high grade glioma.

In our multivariate logistic regression model

- Being South Asian ($p = 0.02$) and Southeast Asian ($p = 0.033$) are significantly associated with higher glioma grading compared to NHW.
- The survival probability of individuals with glioma of different Asian subgroups groups varied significantly over time, after adjusting for age and sex.
- Cumulative incidence of being "Alive" or "Dead due to Cancer" significantly varies across the different racial groups.



- The trends for death due to Gliomas are similar for the first 8 months for all groups
- South Asian should a significantly lower probability of death over time over 8 months, compared with other groups.

Conclusions

- Asians are often treated as one racial group in cancer epidemiology studies
- However, there are significant differences in diagnosis and prognosis amongst AA subgroups

Reference

